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Berau, Indonesia, July 5-8, 2017

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in East and North Pest diversity ider upland rice antan local ation cation

Nurhasanah

Department of Agroecotechnology, Faculty of Agriculture, Mulawarman University



Background



- production systems. is also a primary constraints in rice (Oryza sativa) > Pest is a serious problem in plant production and it
- It reduces the economic yield significantly.
- about 20 species cause significant economic damage. pests in rice production systems globally, but only > More than 100 species of insects are considered



Background



- this problem. the most practical and economical approach to overcome > Developing and using pest-resistant varieties is one of
- one of important assignments in plant breeding program > Therefore, genetic improvement of pest resistance is



Background

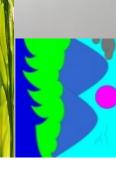


East Kalimantan local rice varieties:

- environmental condition. > Good taste (WWF, 2013), adaptive to local
- 2016). > Tolerance to particular rice diseases (Nurhasanah et al.
- have not been characterized. > Carrying alleles encoding for other superior traits which
- not been well characterized. > Unfortunately, their response against pest diseases has



Objective



- To characterize the diversity and intensity of pest in the local upland rice population
- Kalimantan local upland rice cultivars against pest. To evaluate the response of East and North
- To select local cultivars having tolerance against pest for rice breeding programs





Methods

- 70 local upland rice cultivars from East and North Kalimantan were used as plant material in this study.
- Penajam Paser Utara (7)
- Paser (14)
- Kutai Barat (36)
- Kutai Kartanegara (7)
- Nunukan (6)



Methods



- East Kalimantan, in 2016. Field trial was conducted in Kutai Kartenegara Districts,
- Three seeds were sown in every planting holes of 25 in a small plots of 3m x 3m. cm x 25 cm distances (distance in and between rows)
- seedling grown well in each hill Thinning and replanting were carried out when the seedlings were two weeks old, to maintain only one
- The plants then were grown according to general upland rice cultivation procedure



Methods



- Pest diversity were characterized in East and North Kalimantan local upland rice population
- Kalimantan local upland rice cultivars response Pest frequency and damage intensity were observed to evaluate the East and North against pest.





insects found in the rice cultivation There were several types of herbivore and detritivorous

- ✓ Rice bug (Leptocorisa sp)
- ✓ Brown planthopper (Nilaparvata lugens Stal)
- ✓ Grasshoppers (Locusta spp.)
- Green stink bug (Nezara viridula)
- Coreid bug (Anoplocnemis spp.)
- Black and red ant (ordo Hymenoptera)





The pests distribution in the local upland rice population

Pest Diversity	Number of cultivar infected
Grasshoppers	50
Rice Bug	39
Coreid Bug	14
Red Ants	13
Black Ants	10
Green Stink Bug	7
Brown Planthopper	1





The pests distribution in the local upland rice population

Pest Diversity	Maximal damage intensity (%)
Grasshoppers	50
Rice Bug	5
Coreid Bug	20
Red Ants	30
Black Ants	30
Green Stink Bug	10
Brown Planthopper	10

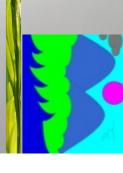




Pest frequency in the local upland rice cultivars

0	μ_	2	W	4	CT	Number of Pest
ω	14	29	15	7	2	Number of cultivar





The most susceptible cultivar

Identity	Cultivar	Pest*
KBR_73	Baqu'	GH, CB, BA, RA, BP
KBR_110	Lani	GH, CB, BA, GSB, BP
PPU_7	Ketan Hitam	GH, RB, GSB, BP
PSR_38	Ketan Serang	GH, CB, RA, BP
PSR_71	Padi Dusun	GH, CB, RA, BP
KBR_74	Ketan mayang	GH, CB, RA, BP
KBR_91	Basong	GH, CB, BA, BP
KBR_119	Kojeng	PH, GH, CB, RA
KBR_141	Mayas Pancing	CB, BA, RA, BP

^{*}Grasshoppers (GH), Rice Bug (RB), Coreid Bug (CB), Red Ants (RA), Black Ants (BA), Green Stink Bug (GSB), Brown Planthopper (BP) 13



The putative resistant cultivar

Identity	Cultivar
KBR_124	Bogor
KKR_129	Bi'
KKR_134	Serai Gunung



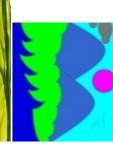
Conclusion



- The response of East and North Kalimantan local upland rice cultivars against pest were varied
- There are several cultivars susceptible against particular pest but resistance to other
- Among 70 local upland rice cultivars, there were 3 cultivars resistance against pest.



Acknowledgements



The authors thank to:

The Ministry of Research, Technology through the **INSINAS** Research Grants 2014-2015 for the funding of East and North Kalimantan local rice exploration study.

The Ministry of Research Technology and High Education funding of this current study. through the PUPT Research Grants 2016-2017 for the